

<https://owasp.org/www-community/HttpOnly>

Classification:

CWE : [CWE-1004](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2013 : [A5 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : [A6 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

 **Insecure cookie setting: missing Secure flag** CONFIRMED

Cookie Name	URL	Evidence
PHPSESSID	https://hobbyzone.pl/	Set-Cookie: PHPSESSID=1daf50a2a476b2e0ecf5fc0893b1f022; path=/

▼ Details

Risk description:

Since the **Secure** flag is not set on the cookie, the browser will send it over an unencrypted channel (plain HTTP) if such a request is made. Thus, the risk exists that an attacker will intercept the clear-text communication between the browser and the server and he will steal the cookie of the user. If this is a session cookie, the attacker could gain unauthorized access to the victim's web session.

Recommendation:

Whenever a cookie contains sensitive information or is a session token, then it should always be passed using an encrypted channel. Ensure that the secure flag is set for cookies containing such sensitive information.

https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/v41/4-Web_Application_Security_Testing/06-Session_Management_Testing/02-Testing_for_Cookies_Attributes.html

Classification:

CWE : [CWE-614](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2013 : [A5 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : [A6 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

 **Missing security header: Strict-Transport-Security** CONFIRMED

URL	Evidence
https://hobbyzone.pl/	Response headers do not include the HTTP Strict-Transport-Security header

▼ Details

Risk description:

The HTTP Strict-Transport-Security header instructs the browser to initiate only secure (HTTPS) connections to the web server and deny any unencrypted HTTP connection attempts. Lack of this header permits an attacker to force a victim user to initiate a clear-text HTTP connection to the server, thus opening the possibility to eavesdrop on the network traffic and extract sensitive information (e.g. session cookies).

Recommendation:

The Strict-Transport-Security HTTP header should be sent with each HTTPS response. The syntax is as follows:

`Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=<seconds>[: includeSubDomains]`

The parameter **max-age** gives the time frame for requirement of HTTPS in seconds and should be chosen quite high, e.g. several months. A value below 7776000 is considered as too low by this scanner check.

The flag **includeSubDomains** defines that the policy applies also for sub domains of the sender of the response.

Classification:

CWE : [CWE-693](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2013 : [A5 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : [A6 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

 **Missing security header: Content-Security-Policy** CONFIRMED

URL	Evidence
https://hobbyzone.pl/	Response headers do not include the HTTP Content-Security-Policy security header

Details

Risk description:

The Content-Security-Policy (CSP) header activates a protection mechanism implemented in web browsers which prevents exploitation of Cross-Site Scripting vulnerabilities (XSS). If the target application is vulnerable to XSS, lack of this header makes it easily exploitable by attackers.

Recommendation:

Configure the Content-Security-Header to be sent with each HTTP response in order to apply the specific policies needed by the application.

Read more about CSP:

https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Content_Security_Policy_Cheat_Sheet.html

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/Content-Security-Policy>

Classification:

CWE : [CWE-693](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2013 : [A5 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : [A6 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

Missing security header: [X-Frame-Options](#) CONFIRMED

URL	Evidence
https://hobbyzone.pl/	Response headers do not include the HTTP X-Frame-Options security header

Details

Risk description:

Because the [X-Frame-Options](#) header is not sent by the server, an attacker could embed this website into an iframe of a third party website. By manipulating the display attributes of the iframe, the attacker could trick the user into performing mouse clicks in the application, thus performing activities without user's consent (ex: delete user, subscribe to newsletter, etc). This is called a Clickjacking attack and it is described in detail here:

<https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Clickjacking>

Recommendation:

We recommend you to add the [X-Frame-Options](#) HTTP header with the values [DENY](#) or [SAMEORIGIN](#) to every page that you want to be protected against Clickjacking attacks.

More information about this issue:

https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Clickjacking_Defense_Cheat_Sheet.html

Classification:

CWE : [CWE-693](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2013 : [A5 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : [A6 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

Missing security header: [X-XSS-Protection](#) CONFIRMED

URL	Evidence
https://hobbyzone.pl/	Response headers do not include the HTTP X-XSS-Protection security header

Details

Risk description:

The [X-XSS-Protection](#) HTTP header instructs the browser to stop loading web pages when they detect reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) attacks. Lack of this header exposes application users to XSS attacks in case the web application contains such vulnerability.

Recommendation:

We recommend setting the X-XSS-Protection header to [X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block](#) .

More information about this issue:

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-XSS-Protection>

Classification:

CWE : [CWE-693](#)
OWASP Top 10 - 2013 : [A5 - Security Misconfiguration](#)
OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : [A6 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

Missing security header: X-Content-Type-Options CONFIRMED

URL	Evidence
https://hobbyzone.pl/	Response headers do not include the X-Content-Type-Options HTTP security header

Details

Risk description:

The HTTP header `X-Content-Type-Options` is addressed to the Internet Explorer browser and prevents it from reinterpreting the content of a web page (MIME-sniffing) and thus overriding the value of the Content-Type header). Lack of this header could lead to attacks such as Cross-Site Scripting or phishing.

Recommendation:

We recommend setting the X-Content-Type-Options header such as `X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff`.

More information about this issue:

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Content-Type-Options>.

Classification:

CWE : [CWE-693](#)
OWASP Top 10 - 2013 : [A5 - Security Misconfiguration](#)
OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : [A6 - Security Misconfiguration](#)

Missing security header: Referrer-Policy CONFIRMED

URL	Evidence
https://hobbyzone.pl/	Response headers do not include the Referrer-Policy HTTP security header

Details

Risk description:

The Referrer-Policy HTTP header controls how much referrer information the browser will send with each request originated from the current web application.

For instance, if a user visits the web page "http://example.com/pricing/" and it clicks on a link from that page going to e.g. "https://www.google.com", the browser will send to Google the full originating URL in the `Referer` header, assuming the Referrer-Policy header is not set. The originating URL could be considered sensitive information and it could be used for user tracking.

Recommendation:

The Referrer-Policy header should be configured on the server side to avoid user tracking and inadvertent information leakage. The value `no-referrer` of this header instructs the browser to omit the Referer header entirely.

Read more:

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Security/Referer_header:_privacy_and_security_concerns

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Server software and technology found CONFIRMED

Software / Version	Category
 PHP	Programming Languages
 FancyBox 2.1.5	JavaScript Frameworks
 Font Awesome	Font Scripts

 Google Analytics UA	Analytics
 Google Font API	Font Scripts
 jQuery 1.11.1	JavaScript Frameworks
 reCAPTCHA	Captchas

Details

Risk description:

An attacker could use this information to mount specific attacks against the identified software type and version.

Recommendation:

We recommend you to eliminate the information which permits the identification of software platform, technology, server and operating system: HTTP server headers, HTML meta information, etc.

More information about this issue:

https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/stable/4-Web_Application_Security_Testing/01-Information_Gathering/02-Fingerprint_Web_Server.html.

Classification:

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OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : A6 - Security Misconfiguration

 Website is accessible.

 Nothing was found for vulnerabilities of server-side software.

 Nothing was found for client access policies.

 Nothing was found for robots.txt file.

 Nothing was found for use of untrusted certificates.

 Nothing was found for enabled HTTP debug methods.

Scan coverage information

List of tests performed (15/15)

- ✓ Checking for website accessibility...
- ✓ Checking for HttpOnly flag of cookie...
- ✓ Checking for Secure flag of cookie...
- ✓ Checking for missing HTTP header - Strict-Transport-Security...
- ✓ Checking for missing HTTP header - Content Security Policy...
- ✓ Checking for missing HTTP header - X-Frame-Options...
- ✓ Checking for missing HTTP header - X-XSS-Protection...
- ✓ Checking for missing HTTP header - X-Content-Type-Options...
- ✓ Checking for missing HTTP header - Referrer...
- ✓ Checking for website technologies...
- ✓ Checking for vulnerabilities of server-side software...
- ✓ Checking for client access policies...
- ✓ Checking for robots.txt file...
- ✓ Checking for use of untrusted certificates...
- ✓ Checking for enabled HTTP debug methods...

Scan parameters

Website URL: <https://hobbyzone.pl/>
Scan type: Light
Authentication: False

Scan stats

URLs spidered:	11
Total number of HTTP request errors:	0
Total number of HTTP requests:	20
Unique Injection Points Detected:	3